

## FINAL EXAMINATION

COURSE : ISLAMIC BANKING PRODUCT AND SER\	/ICE
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COURSE CODE : PIB1013

DURATION : 02 HOURS

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:**

1. This question paper consists of **THREE (3)** parts : PART A (25 questions)

: PART B (20 questions) : PART C (01 question)

- 2. Answer ALL questions from PART A, PART B and PART C.
  - i. Answer PART A in the TRUE/FALSE Answer Sheet
  - ii. Answer PART B in the Objective Answer Sheet
  - iii. Answer PART C in the Answer Booklet
- 3. Please check to make sure that this examination pack consists of:
  - i. The Question Paper
  - ii. An Answer Booklet
  - iii. An Objective Answer Sheet
  - iv. A True/False Answer Sheet
- 4. Do not bring any material into the examination hall unless permission is given by the invigilator.
- 5. Please write your answer using a ball-point pen.

MYKAD NO.	<b>!</b>
ID. NO.	:
LECTURER	:
SECTION	:
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## DO NOT OPEN THIS QUESTION PAPER UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

The question paper consists of 10 printed pages

#### OCT2023/B/PIB1013

#### PART A: TRUE/FALSE

Indicate whether the statement is true or false.

## 1. (1 point)

Drawer is a person who issue and sign the cheque.

## 2. (1 point)

Dishonored cheque is a cheque which is not cashed or honored by the bank.

## 3. (1 point)

Open cheque is a refund money at the counter.

#### 4. (1 point)

There are four types of cheque.

## 5. **(1 point)**

An instrument drawn on a bank instructing it to pay a certain amount of money to another party are the definition of cheque.

## 6. (1 point)

Payee is the person who received the cheque.

#### 7. (1 point)

One of the steps to write down the cheque is to fill in the actual date.

## 8. (1 point)

RENTAS was a system that was implemented in July 2001.

## 9. (1 point)

There are three types of transactions handled by RENTAS.

## 10. (1 point)

Collecting banker is holder of a cheque that presents the cheque for the credit of its account.

## 11. **(1 point)**

The Interbank Funds Transfer System (IFTS) is a transaction system under RENTAS.

## 12. **(1 point)**

The two payment systems used in Malaysia are Large Value Payment Systems and Retail Payment Systems.

## 13. (1 point)

Bank Negara Malaysia had implemented the National Electronic Cheque Information Clearing System (eSPICK) in 2007.

## 14. **(1 point)**

Local cheques mean the cheque that is drawn and deposited at different branches.

## 15. (1 point)

A cheque can be altered on the amount of money.

#### 16. **(1 point)**

The balance sheet provides a snapshot of an organization's financial position at a specific moment.

## 17. **(1 point)**

Equity on a bank's balance sheet includes common and preferred shares.

## 18. **(1 point)**

The balance sheet helps assess a company's efficiency by measuring how well it generates returns.

## 19. **(1 point)**

The balance sheet must be prepared in a way that it is easy to understand by shareholders.

## 20. (1 point)

Comparability of financial statements is not important for monitoring a company's performance over time.

## 21. **(1 point)**

Profitability, liquidity, and financial stability are key indicators provided by financial statements.

## 22. (1 point)

Assets-Liability Management (ALM) aims to maximize profitability without considering safety and liquidity.

## 23. **(1 point)**

The main objective of ALM is to achieve liquidity needs and arrange the maturity pattern of assets and liabilities.

## 24. **(1 point)**

Spread management in ALM refers to managing the difference between interest earned on deployment and interest paid on acquiring financial resources.

## 25. **(1 point)**

Gap management in ALM involves analyzing the impact of interest rate changes on a bank's spread/margin and overall earnings.

## **PART B: MULTIPLE CHOICE**

Answer all questions.

## 1. **(1 point)**

Which of the following is **NOT** a key element of a cheque?

- A. Date
- B. Amount in words
- C. Amount in figures
- D. Reference number

## 2. (1 point)

How many parties are involved in a cheque transaction?

- A. One
- B. Two
- C. Three
- D. Four

## 3. **(1 point)**

How long is a cheque considered valid before it becomes stale?

- A. 4 months
- B. 5 months
- C. 6 months
- D. 7 months

## 4. (1 point)

Which of the following are types of open cheque?

- A. The bearer and order cheque
- B. The bearer and crossed cheque
- C. The order and post dated cheque
- D. The ante dated and the bearer cheque

## 5. **(1 point)**

Which of the followings are the reasons dishonored of a cheque?

- Alterations
- ii. Stale cheque
- iii. Frozen account
- iv. Regular signature
- A. i, ii and iii
- B. i, ii and iv
- C. i, iii and iv
- D. ii, iii and iv

## 6. (1 point)

Which technological leap in the Malaysian banking industry followed the introduction of Automated Teller Machine (ATM)?

- A. Telephone banking service
- B. Mobile banking service
- C. Online banking service
- D. Cash deposit machines

## 7. **(1 point)**

Which of the following is **NOT** a type of transaction involved in electronic banking?

- A. Issue cheque for payment to third party
- B. Pay bills automatically from the account
- C. Make cash withdrawals from the ATM
- D. Use prepaid smart cards instead of cash

## 8. (1 point)

Which type of system allows non-consumer transactions initiated among banks, corporations, governments, and other service firms?

- A. EFTPOS
- B. Non-customer activated system
- C. Credit card systemD. Internet Banking

## 9. **(1 point)**

Which of the following is **NOT** a part of Customer Activated Electronic Banking Systems?

- A. ATMs
- B. Credit Cards
- C. SWIFT
  D. EFTPOS

## 10. **(1 point)**

What is the main function of SMS banking?

- A. Electronic funds transfer
- B. Online bill payment
- C. Account balance inquiry
- D. Cash deposit at ATMs

## 11. **(1 point)**

Which of the following is the **DISADVANTAGE** of e-banking?

- A. No face-to-face interaction with bank employees
- B. Improved flexibility of business transaction
- C. Reduced convenience for customers
- D. Higher interest rates for loans

## 12. **(1 point)**

What is the major security concern related to e-banking?

- A. Unauthorized access to bank accounts
- B. Frequent system updates causing inconvenience
- C. Increased waiting time for transactions
- D. Dependence on IT service providers

## 13. **(1 point)**

Which of the following is **NOT** a qualitative characteristic of financial statements?

- A. Understandability
- B. Comparability
- C. Reliability
- D. Profitability

## 14. **(1 point)**

Which financial statement provides a summary of an organization's revenues and expenses over a specific period?

- A. Balance sheet
- B. Income statement
- C. Cash flow statement
- D. Statement of shareholder's equity

## 15. **(1 point)**

Who are the users of financial statements?

- i. Internal operation analysts
- ii. Investors
- iii. Government agencies
- iv. Competitors
- A. i, ii and iii
- B. i. ii and iv
- C. ii, iii and iv
- D. i, ii, iii and iv

#### 16. **(1 point)**

What is the main objective of liquidity management?

- A. Maximize profitability
- B. Minimize debt
- C. Ensure the company has enough cash to meet its short-term obligations
- D. Increase the number of shareholders

## 17. **(1 point)**

What is the purpose of comparing financial statements of a company over multiple years?

- A. To determine profitability only
- B. To assess efficiency only
- C. To monitor performance over time
- D. To evaluate liquidity only

## 18. **(1 point)**

What does the term "spread" refer to in financial statements?

- A. The difference between total assets and total liabilities
- B. The difference between revenue and expenses
- C. The difference between interest earned and interest paid
- D. The difference between equity and debt

## 19. **(1 point)**

Which qualitative characteristic of financial statements ensures that the information is free from significant errors or misstatements?

- A. Understandability
- B. Relevance
- C. Reliability
- D. Timeliness

## 20. **(1 point)**

Which user of financial statements is concerned with the profitability and overall business strategy of a company?

- A. Investor
- B. Management
- C. Government agenciesD. Employee

# PART C: STRUCTURE Answer ALL questions.

## 1. **(15 points)**

- a. Customer Activated Electronic Banking Systems are designed to empower personal account holders with convenient and direct access to various banking services. Discuss **FIVE (5)** Customer Activated Electronic Banking Systems. (10 marks)
- b. Automated Teller Machine (ATM) also known as ABM (Automated Banking Machine) is a banking system. This banking system allows customers or users to have access to financial transactions. These transactions can be done in a public space without any need for a clerk, cashier, or bank teller. Classify **TWO** (2) common functions of ATM machines. (5 marks)

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**