

## QQI

## **Economic Perspectives**

## May 2024 EXAMINATIONS

Module Code:

**B6AF112** 

Module Description:

**Economic Perspectives** 

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### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Time allowed is 2 hours Answer Question 1 and two other questions. Show all relevant workings

### Question 1

The following economic data is relevant to Irish economic activity:

- i. Consumption stands at €950 billion;
- ii. Investment is recorded at €238 billion,
- iii. Government spending amounts to €356 billion,
- iv. Net exports, representing the balance of exports minus imports, is negative €59 billion.
- v. Disposable income stands at €1120 billion.

Using the Aggregate Demand (AD) equation (AD = C + I + G + (X - M)), calculate the following:

a) Total Aggregate Demand and savings in the economy.

### (10 marks)

b) If the marginal propensity to consume (MPC) is 0.8, compute the change in consumption and savings resulting from an increase in disposable income by €119 billion

(10 marks)

c) Determine the multiplier effect in this economy, given the MPC.

### (8 marks)

d) Assess the impact of an increase in government spending by €59 billion on the overall aggregate demand.

(8 marks)

(Total 36 marks)

### Question 2

a) Using the information and formula below calculate the price elasticity of demand. (PED)

Price of a product: €2.00 per unit Annual demand: 1,100,000 units

Market research indicates that an increase in price of 10 cent per unit will result in a

fall in annual demand of 100,000 units.

# The change in quantity demanded, as % of demand The change in price, as % of price

### (11 marks)

b) Explain the significance of your answer calculated in part above.

### (6 marks)

c) Identify and briefly explain with examples three (3) factors influencing elasticity.

### (9 marks)

d) Explain the term "Price elasticity of demand" and identify the two extremes in the relationship between price and demand.

(6 marks)

(Total 32 marks)

### **Question 3**

a) Explain with relevant examples the term "free market" in economic terms.

(5 marks)

b) Discuss five (5) characteristics of a free market.

(15 marks)

c) Discuss four (4) characteristics/benefits of a free market.

(12 marks)

(Total 32 marks)

### **Question 4**

a) Explain with examples the term monopolistic competition and outline its main characteristics.

(10 marks)

b) What is an Oligopolistic Market? Give examples.

(10 marks)

c) Explain what is meant by and identify the two different types of collusion in an oligopolistic market.

(12 marks)

(Total 32 marks)

### **Question 5**

- (a) With the aid of appropriate diagrams describe the following:
  - Keynesian unemployment

(12 marks)

Classical unemployment

(12 marks)

(b) Explain the concept of "Sticky Wage Theory" in regards to macroeconomics.

(8 marks)

(Total 32 marks)

**END OF EXAMINATION**